

25-th Mathematical Olympiad 1988

December 1988

Time allowed: 3.5 hours

1. Find all integers a , b , and c for which

$$(x - a)(x - 10) + 1 = (x + b)(x + c) \quad \text{for all } x$$

2. Points P and Q lie on the sides AB and AC respectively of triangle ABC and are distinct from A . The lengths AP and AQ are denoted by x and y respectively, with the convention that $x > 0$ if P is on the same side of A as B , and $x < 0$ on the opposite side; and similarly for y . Show that PQ passes through the centroid of the triangle if and only if

$$3xy = bx + cy,$$

where $b = AC$ and $c = AB$.

3. The lines OA , OB , and OC are mutually perpendicular. Express the area of triangle ABC in terms of the areas of triangles OBC , OCA , and OAB .
4. Consider following the triangle of numbers. Each number is the sum of three numbers in the previous row: the number above it and the numbers immediately to the left and right of that number. If there is no number in one or more of these positions, 0 is used. Prove that, from the third row on, every row contains at least one even number.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccccc} & & & & 1 & & & & & & \\ & & & & 1 & 1 & 1 & & & & \\ & & & 1 & 2 & 3 & 2 & 1 & & & \\ & & 1 & 3 & 6 & 7 & 6 & 3 & 1 & & \\ . & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & \end{array}$$

5. None of the angles of a triangle ABC exceeds 90° . Prove that

$$\sin A + \sin B + \sin C > 2.$$

6. The sequence $\{a_n\}$ of integers is defined by $a_1 = 2$, $a_2 = 7$, and

$$-\frac{1}{2} < a_{n+1} - \frac{a_n^2}{a_{n-1}} \quad , \quad \text{for } n \geq 2$$

Prove that a_n is odd for all $n > 1$.